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Śląskie.  
Pozytywna energia

# Information about the situation on the labour market in the Śląskie Voivodship

[www.wup-katowice.pl](http://www.wup-katowice.pl)



# Data of the Slaskie Voivodship

## Population (30 september 2009) - 4 642 942

Specification	Poland	Voivodship	
	TOTAL		Poland=100%
Population in thous.	38,2 mln	4,6 mln	12,2%
Population per 1 km <sup>2</sup>	122 people /1 km <sup>2</sup>	377 people 1 km <sup>2</sup>	

The unique economic position of the Śląskie Voivodship results from the fact that it is the most industrialised and urbanised region in Poland

The high urbanisation rate is evidenced by the value of almost 79% of the population inhabiting the region's 71 towns

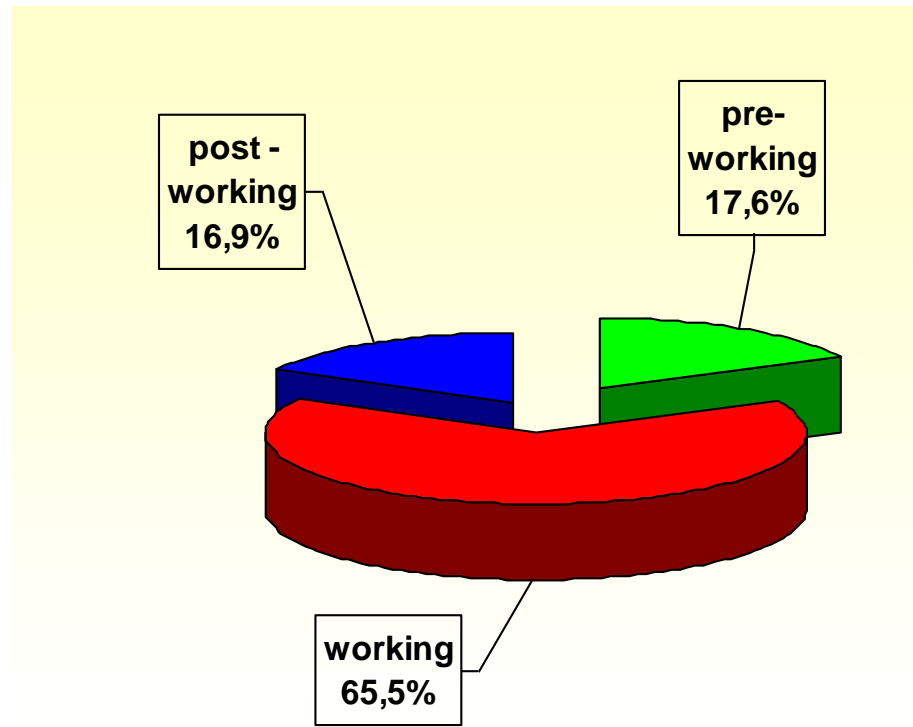
The largest towns of the Śląskie Voivodship:

Katowice	322 285	inhabitants
Częstochowa	249 453	inhabitants
Sosnowiec	229 989	inhabitants
Gliwice	201 586	inhabitants
Zabrze	193 665	inhabitants
Bytom	191 060	inhabitants
Bielsko-Biała	177 390	inhabitants
Ruda Śląska	148 361	inhabitants

## Population at age in absolute numbers:

pre-working	819 083
working	3 043 430
post-working	783 152

## Population at age in percent



**The Śląskie Voivodeship is the most important industrial region, located in the southern part of Poland**



# ECONOMY

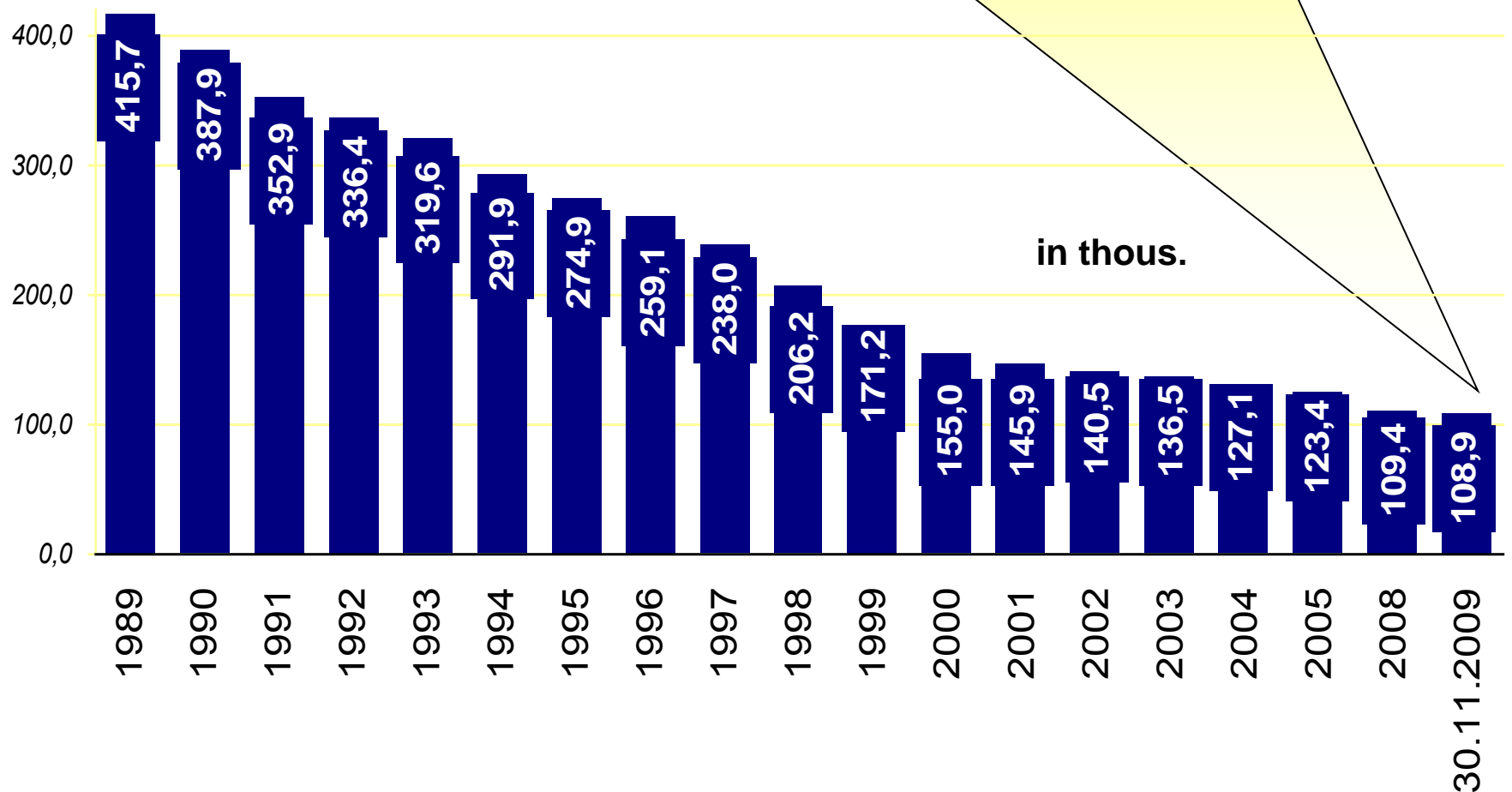
The Śląskie Voivodship belongs to the group of the most industrialised regions in Poland. Here, 13.7% of the Gross National Product (GNP) is produced, which places the Voivodeship at the second position in Poland. The GNP calculated per 1 inhabitant equals 29 500 PLN (7 400 EURO)

The Śląskie Voivodship possesses numerous natural resources that, among others, comprise: hard coal, zinc and lead deposits, methane, natural gas beds, marl, limestone, natural aggregate deposits as well as healing, thermal and mineral waters. On the basis of the existing raw material base, an industrial district, the largest in Poland, has been established here.

Along with the changes in the mining and metallurgy, also the whole fuel & power engineering complex is being restructured. Owing to the large concentration of industry, the Śląskie Voivodship is the second producer of the electric energy in Poland (19.7 % of the national production) and its largest recipient.

# Mining and quarrying

**There are 29 active had cola-mines in the region,  
EMPLOYED PERSONS 108 900**



**Motor industry has  
expanded greatly in recent  
years**



**The Beskidy Mountains are an ideal place for walking tourism.**

**The mountain ranges of the Beskid Śląski and Żywiecki**





# Jura Krakowsko-Częstochowska

## Ogrodzieniec, Będzin, Olsztyn, Mirów, Bobolice

In the Jura, as the Krakow-Częstochowa Upland is usually called, there are also some excellent areas for cycling. The numerous lanes are prepared for biking enthusiasts and allow for active relish in this part of the region.



# ENTITIES OF THE NATIONAL ECONOMY

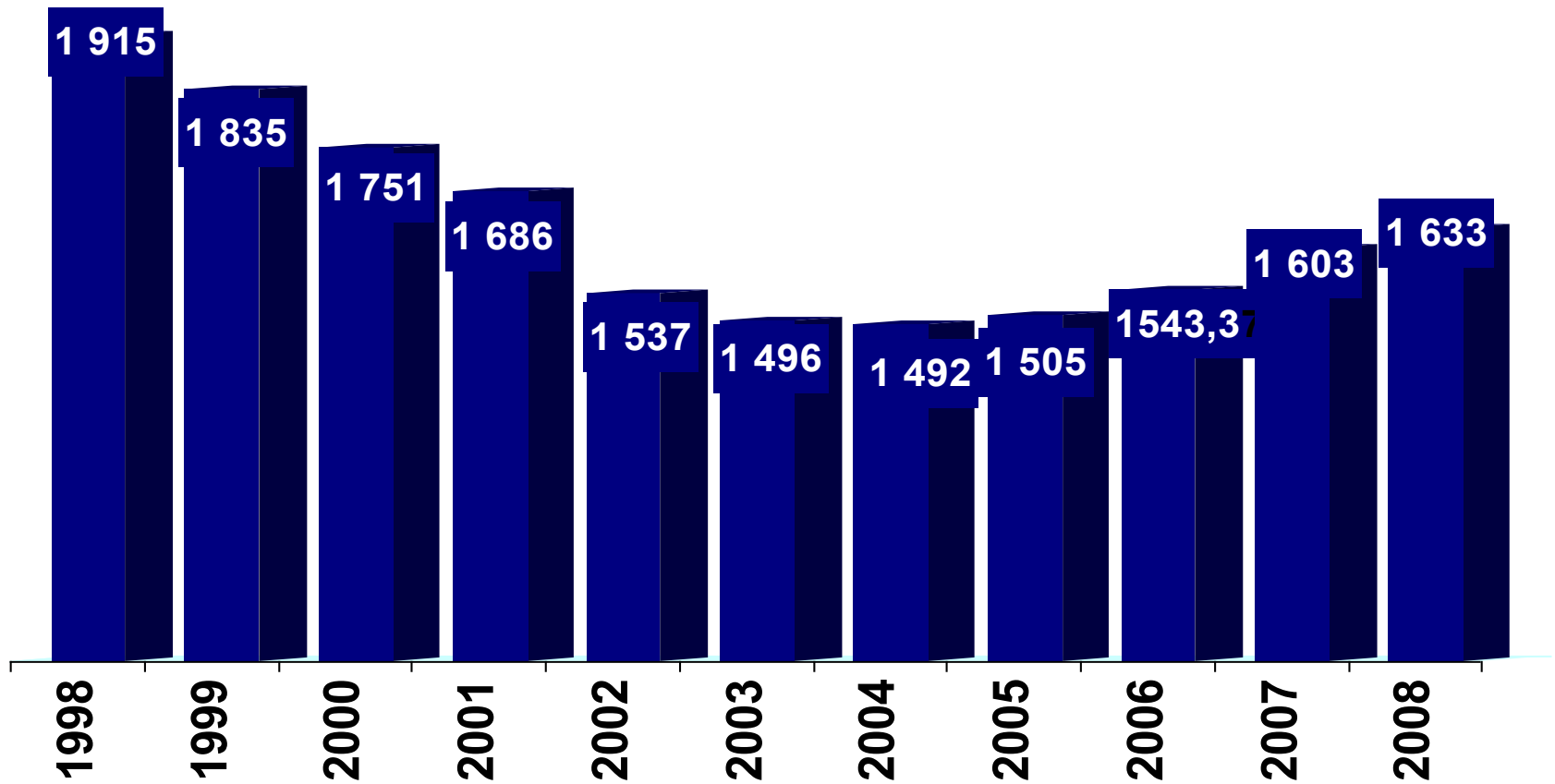
In the Śląskie Voivodship, there are over 429,000 national economy registered entities of which the self-employed natural persons are the largest group of 33.1 thousands as well as the commercial law partnerships – 23,500 (of which 4,100 are the foreign capital companies). The number of the state-owned enterprises – 246 – is the smallest one.

Within the general number of the business entities in the region, 96.1% falls within the private sector, i.e. 11.8% of the domestic entities. The vast majority of the private sector regional entities runs the service market activity (71.5%). Also, the companies from the industry and building engineering sector have a significant share in the market (20.7%) as well as the non-market services (6.5%).



# Employed persons in the national economy (sa 31 December)

in thous.



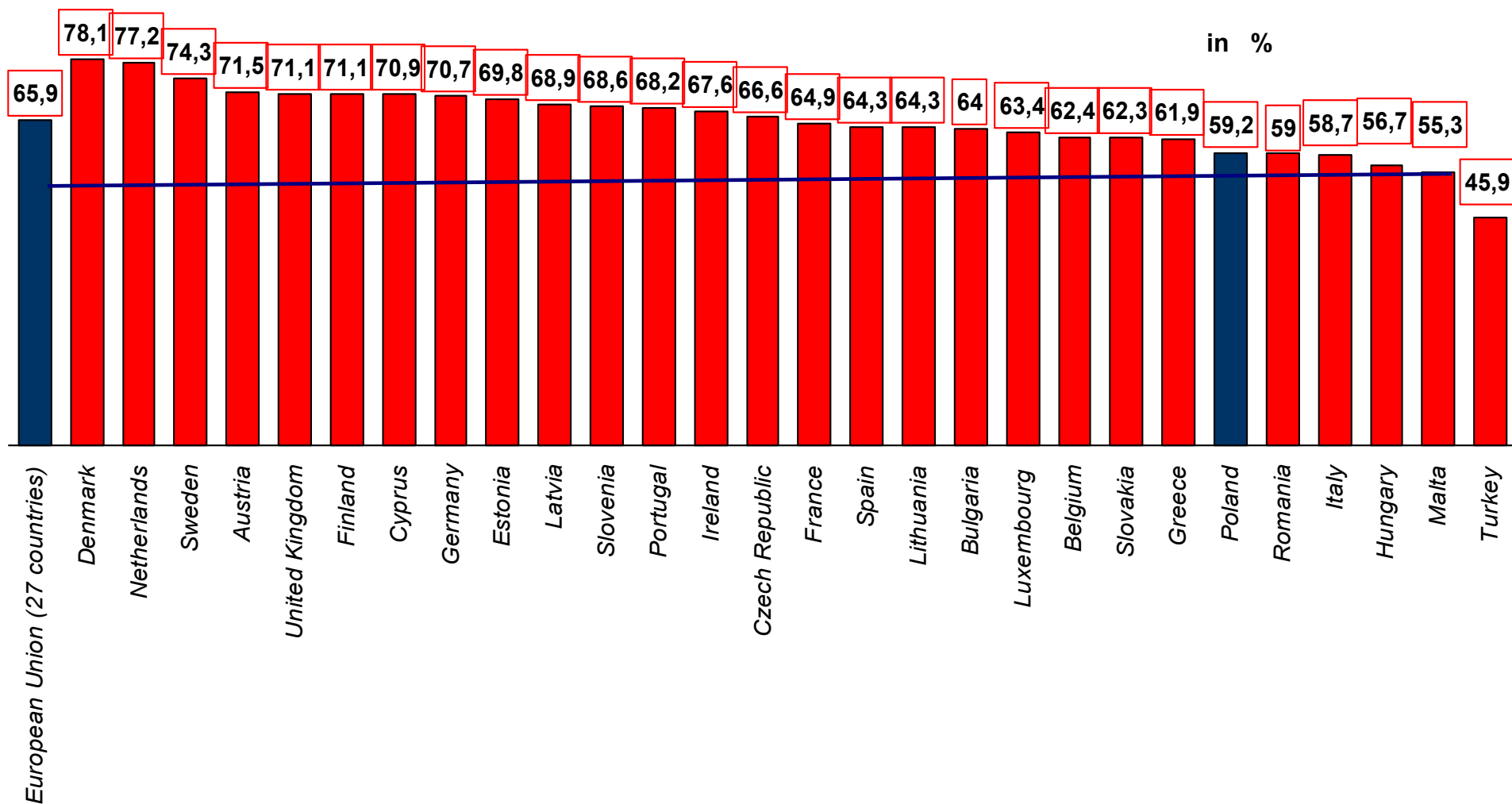
## EMPLOYMENT RATE (in %)

the employment rate is calculated as the share of employed persons in the population (aged 15 and more) and in a given group

UE – 65,9%,

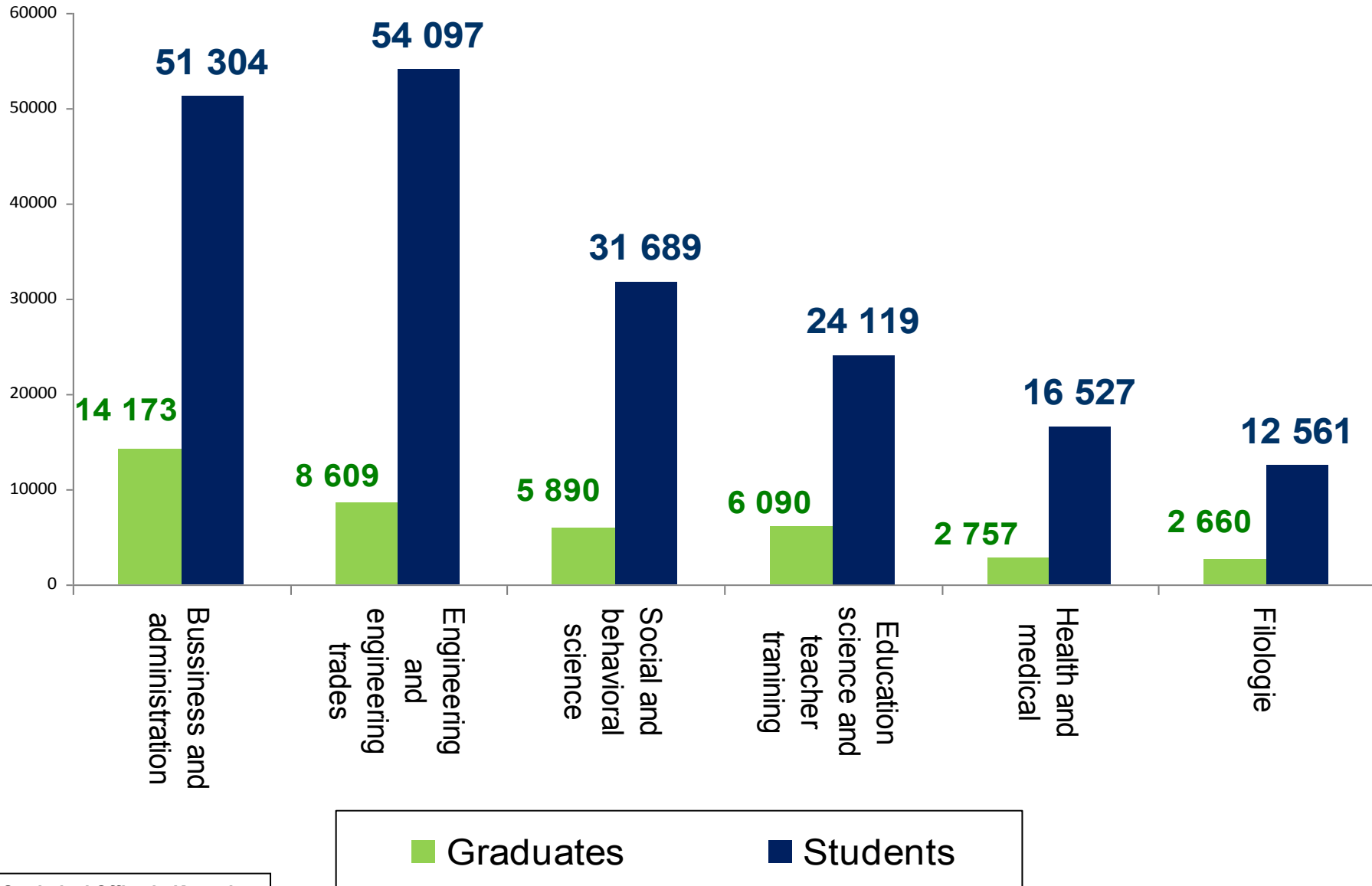
Poland – 59,2%

Śląskie Voivodship – 56,9%

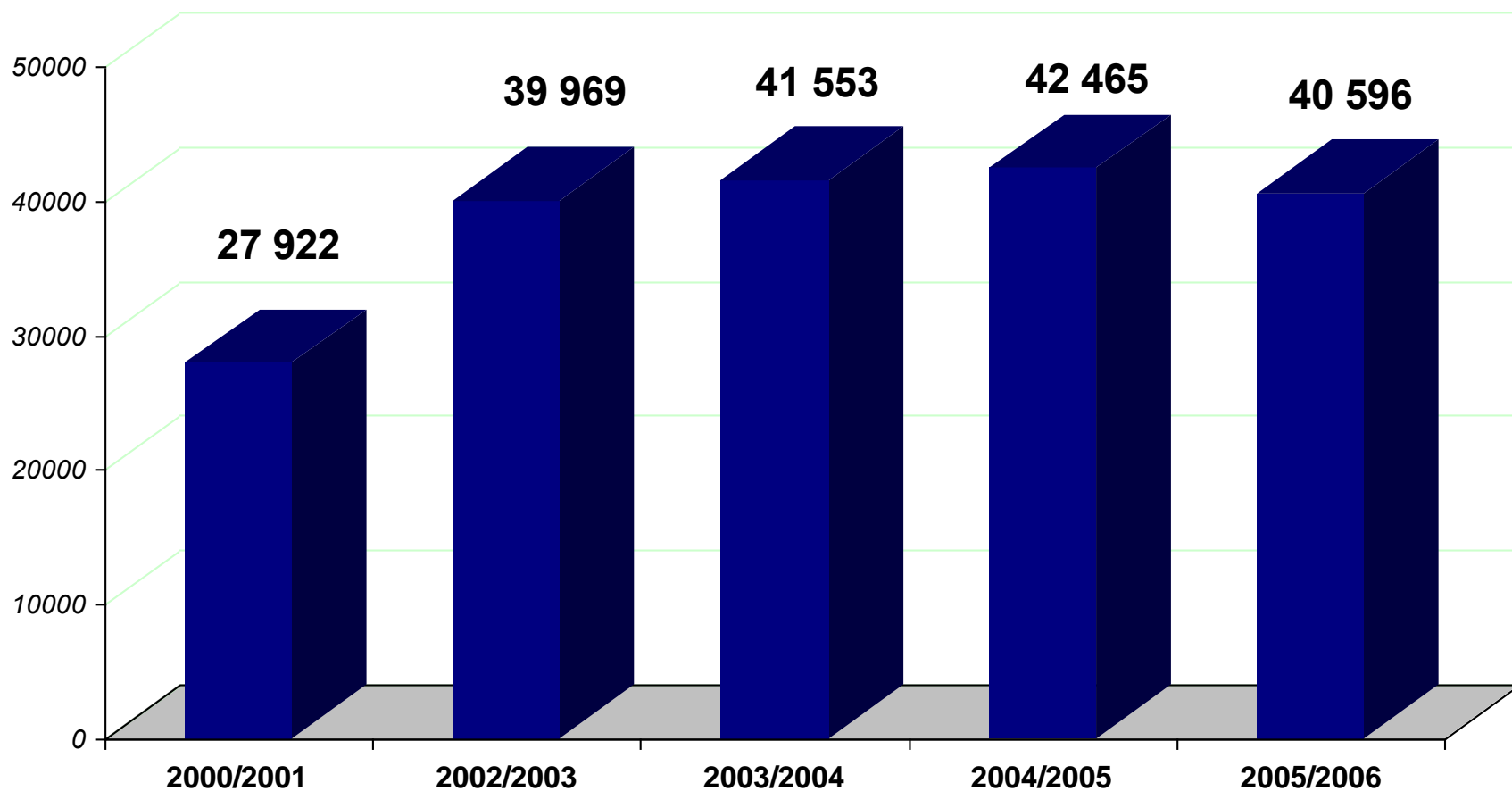


# Śląskie Voivodship

## Students and graduates of higher education institutions by fields of education - 2005 / 2006



## Śląskie Voivodship Graduates of higher education institutions

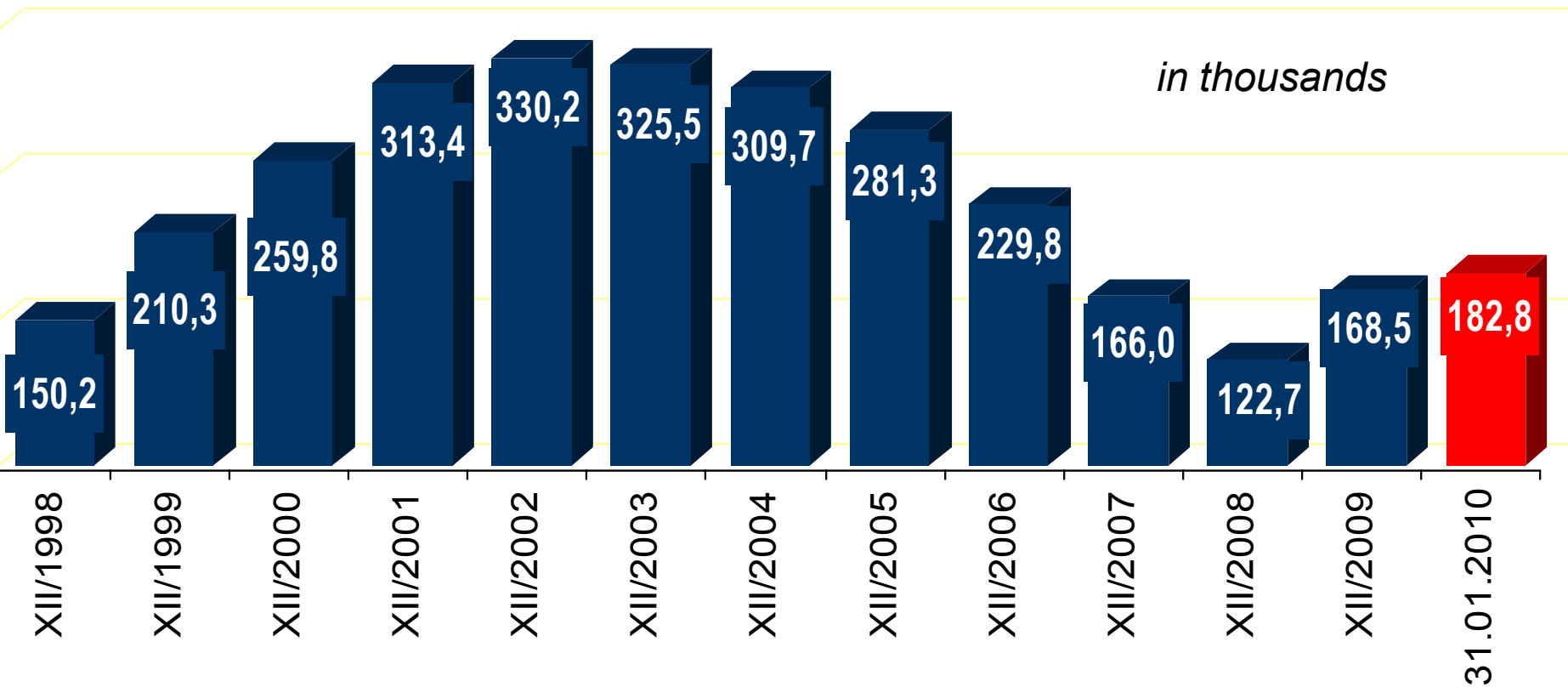


Source: Statistical Office in Katowice

# Śląskie Voivodship

## Registered unemployed persons

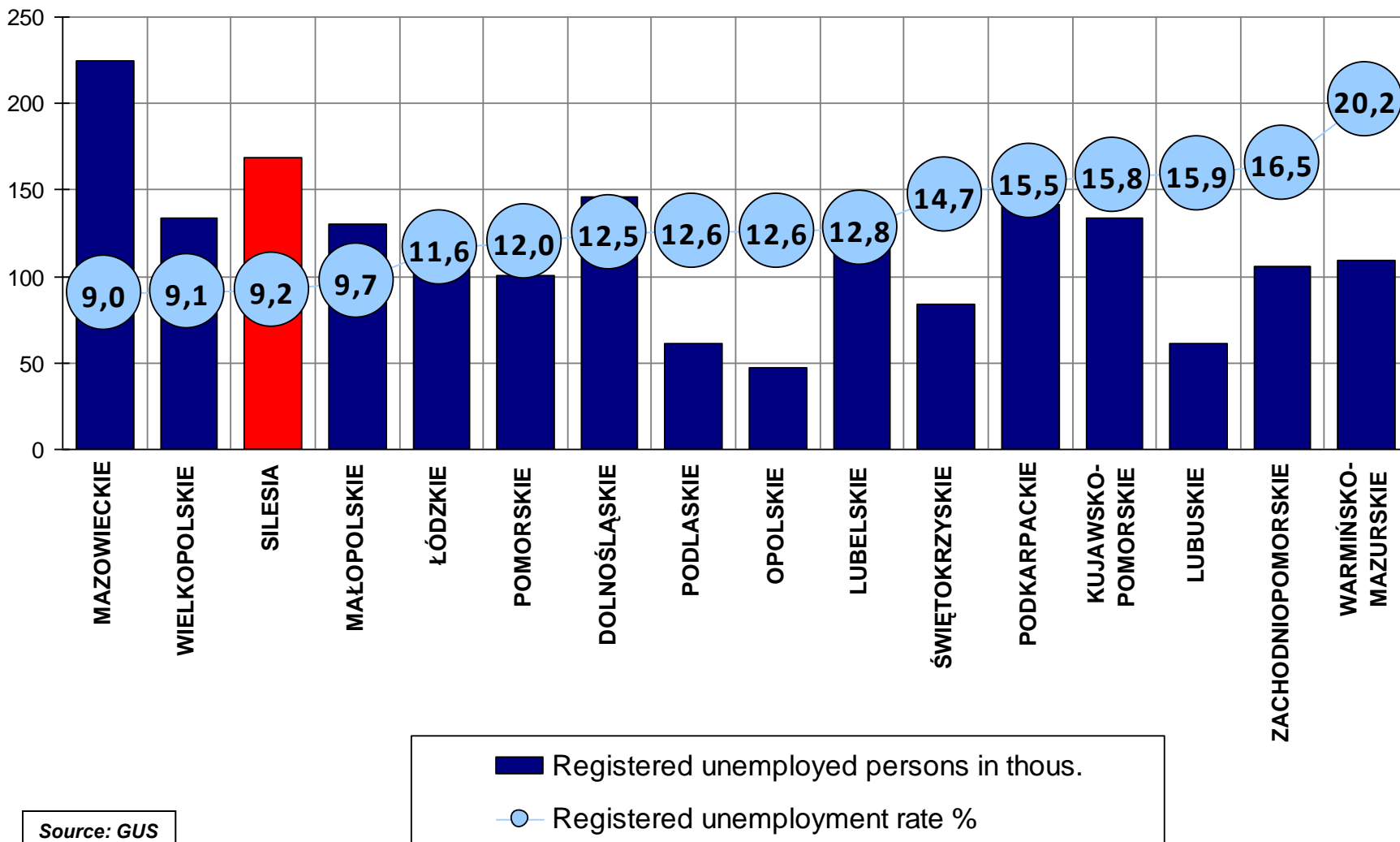
*in thousands*



# Unemployment on the background of the country and other voivodships

Registered unemployment rate Poland – 11,9% Śląskie Voivodship 9,2%

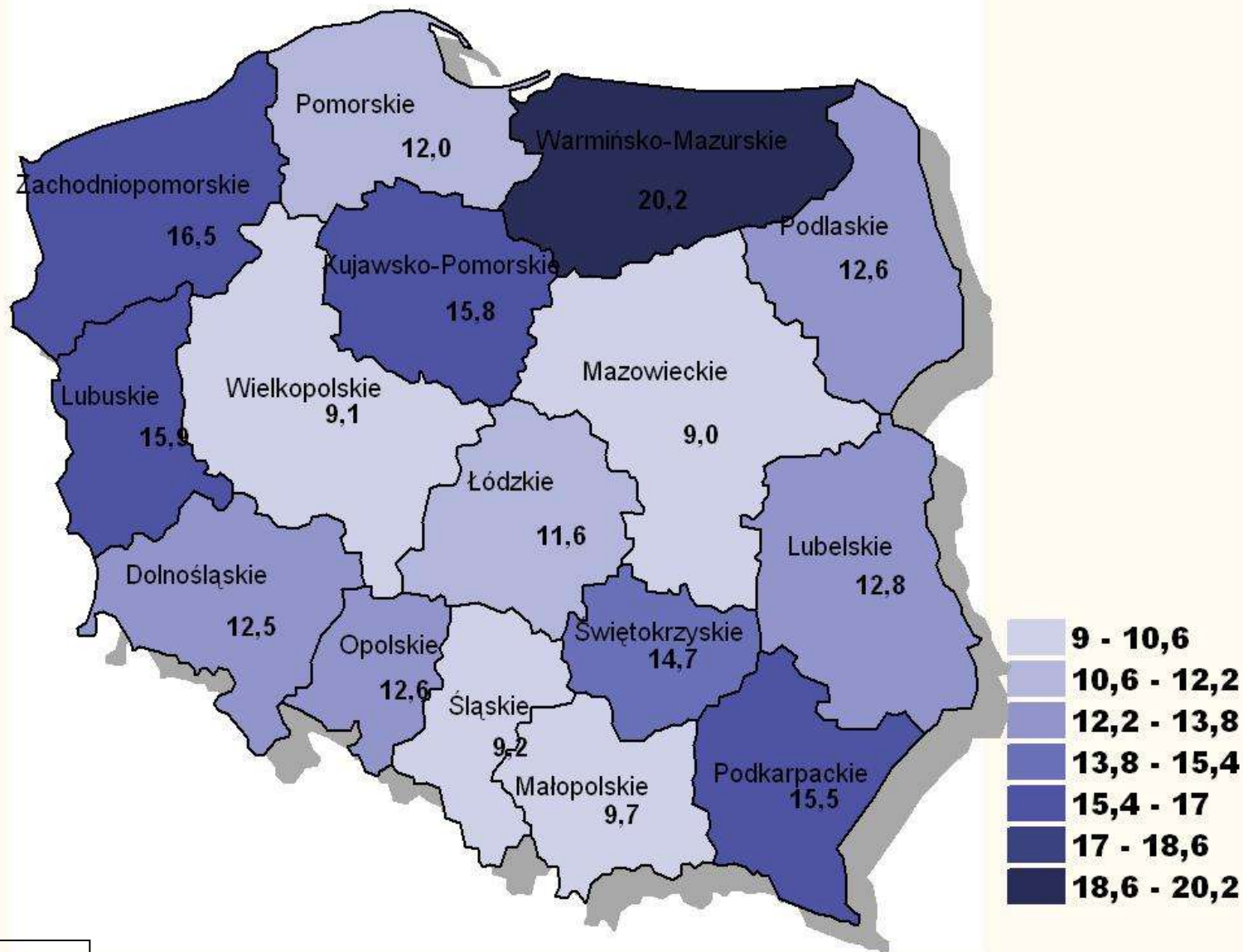
31 December 2009





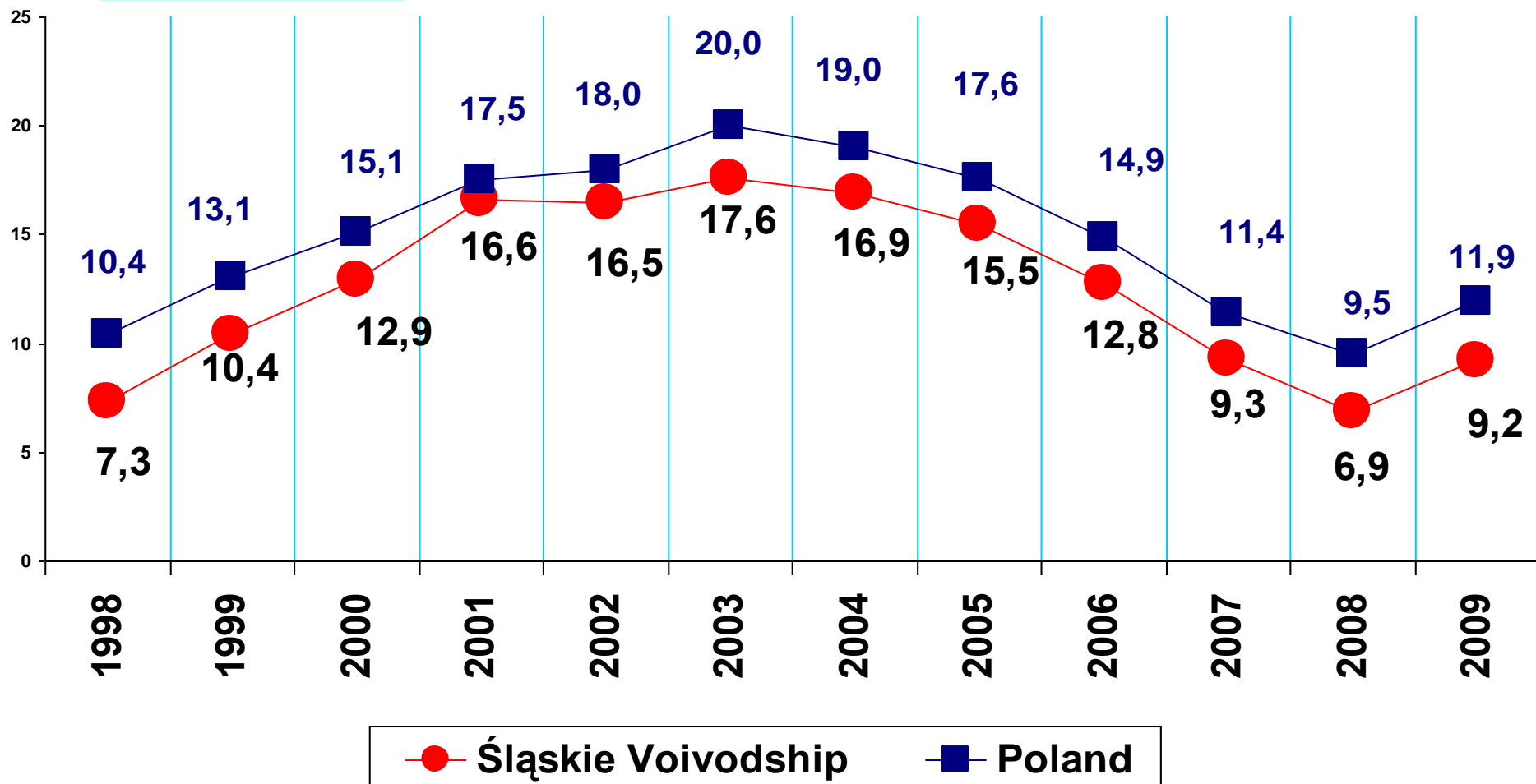
# Registered unemployment rate Poland – 11,9% Śląskie Voivodship 9,2%

Stopa bezrobocia w % - województwo śląskie na tle kraju 31.12.2009r.

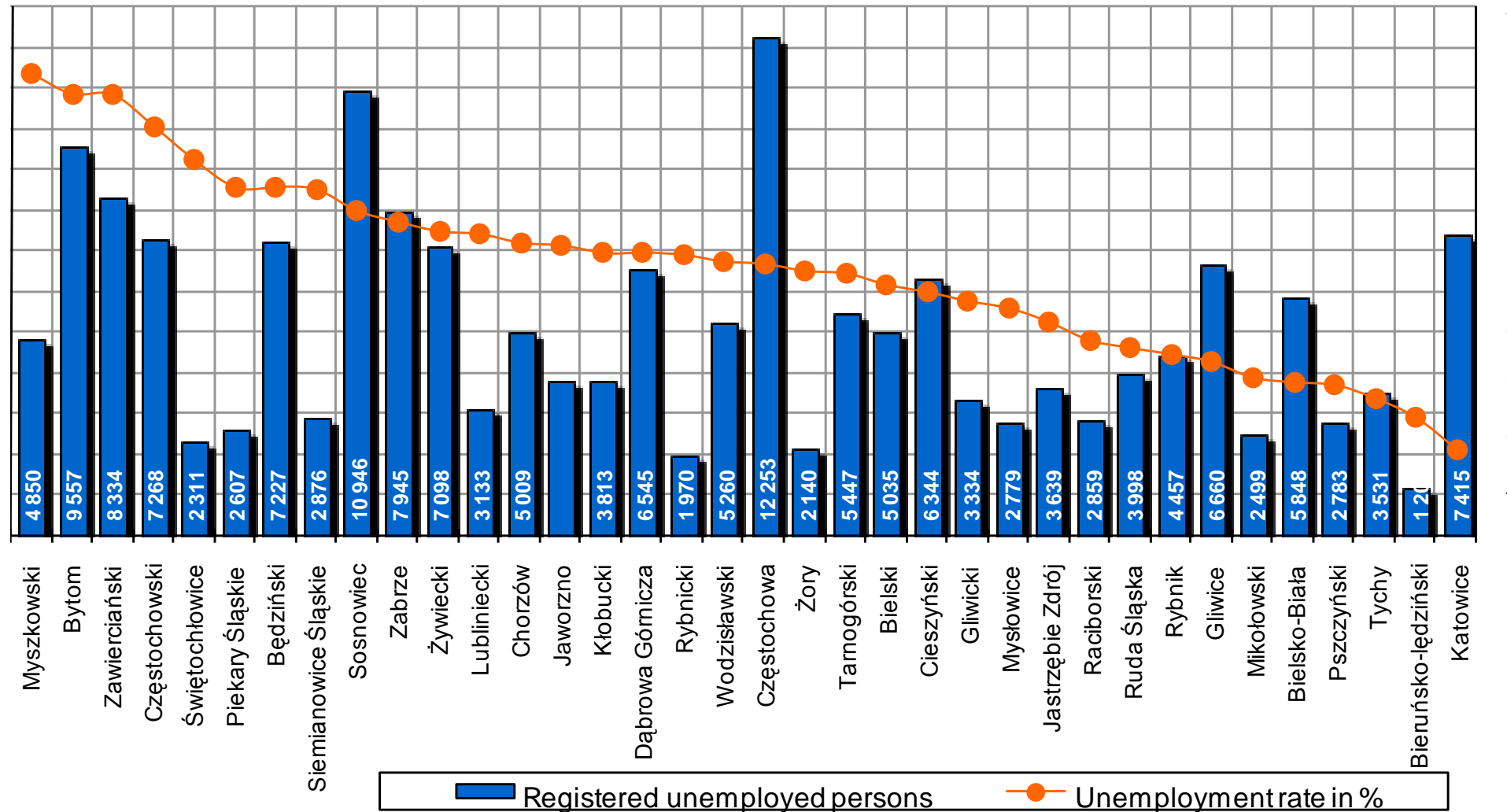


# Registered unemployment rate 1998-2009

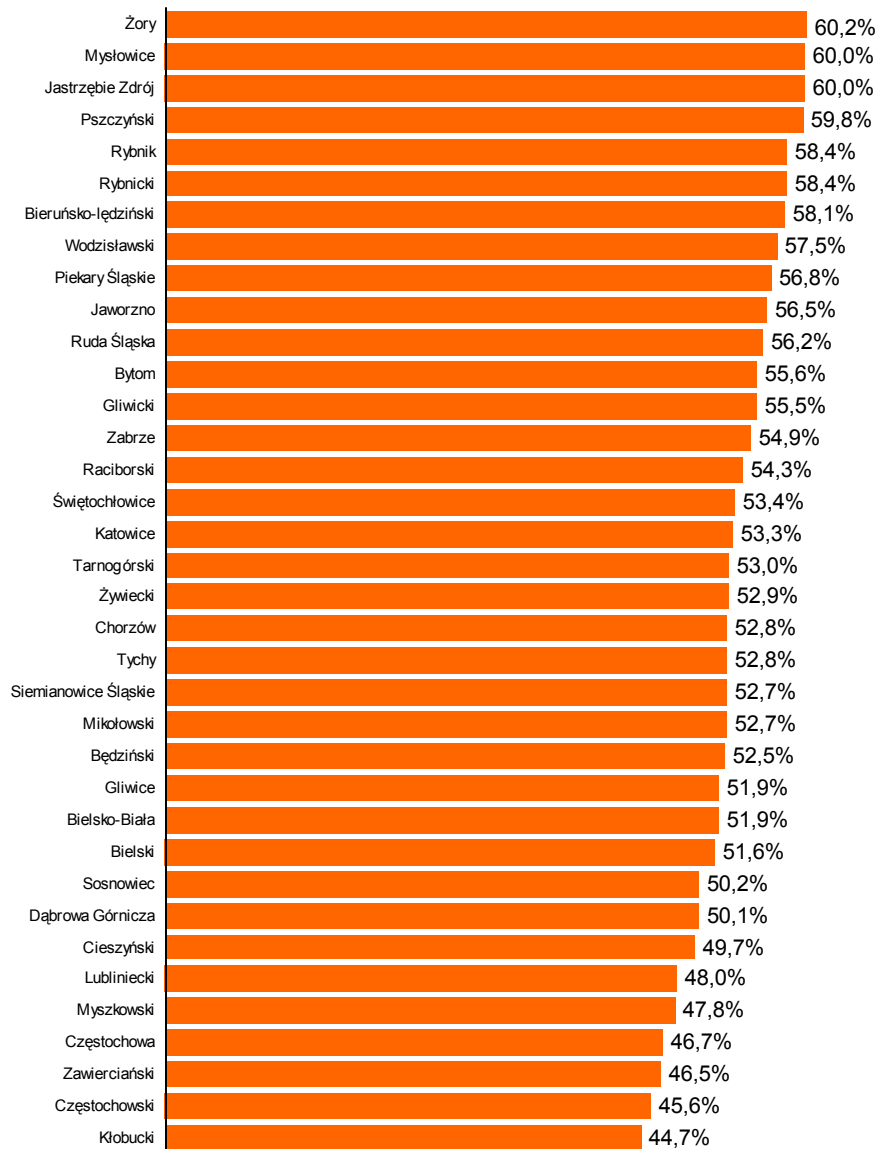
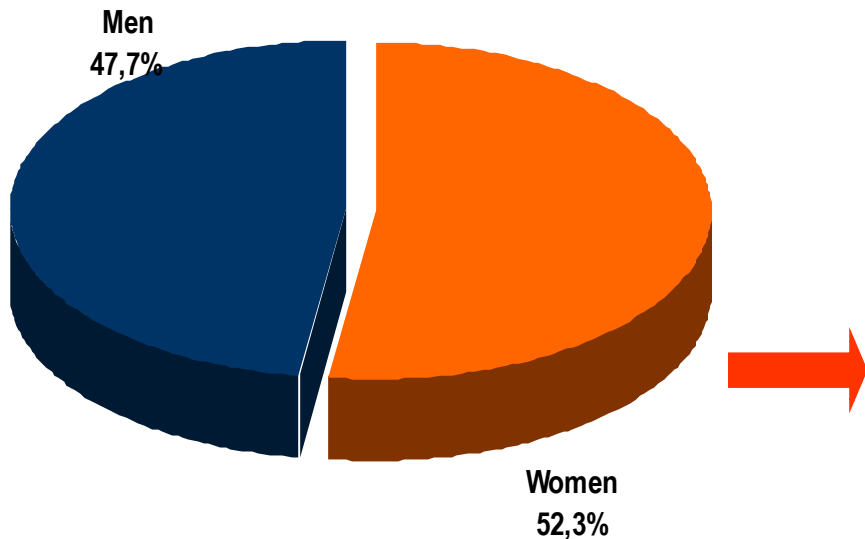
in %



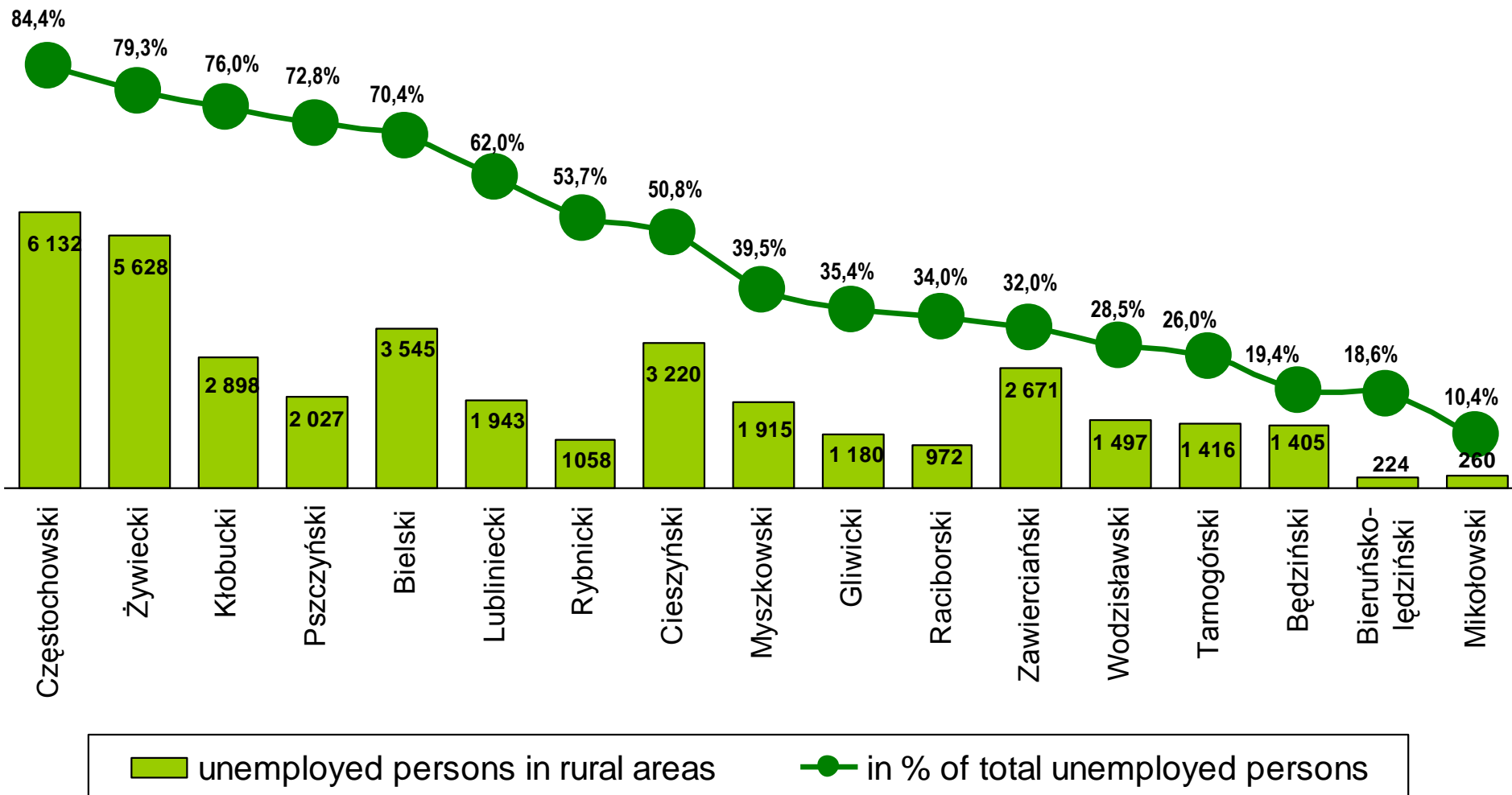
## Registered unemployed persons and unemployment rate by powiats



The majority of the unemployed population constituted women. The number of unemployed women at the end of January 2010 amounted to 95,650 which constituted 52,3% of the total number of the registered unemployed persons.

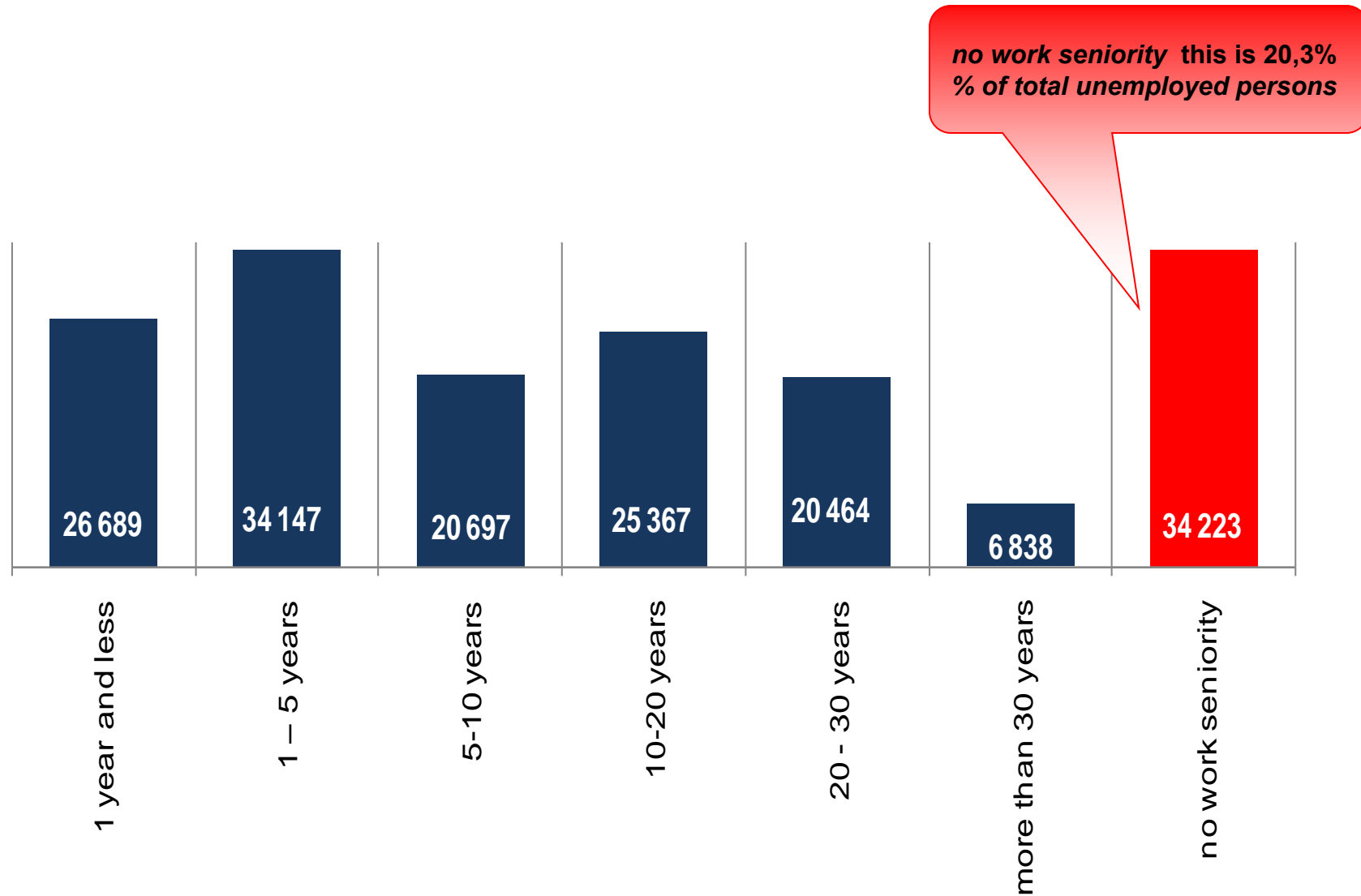


The unemployed residents of rural area constituted 20,8% of the total number of persons registered in poviats labour offices (37,991 persons).

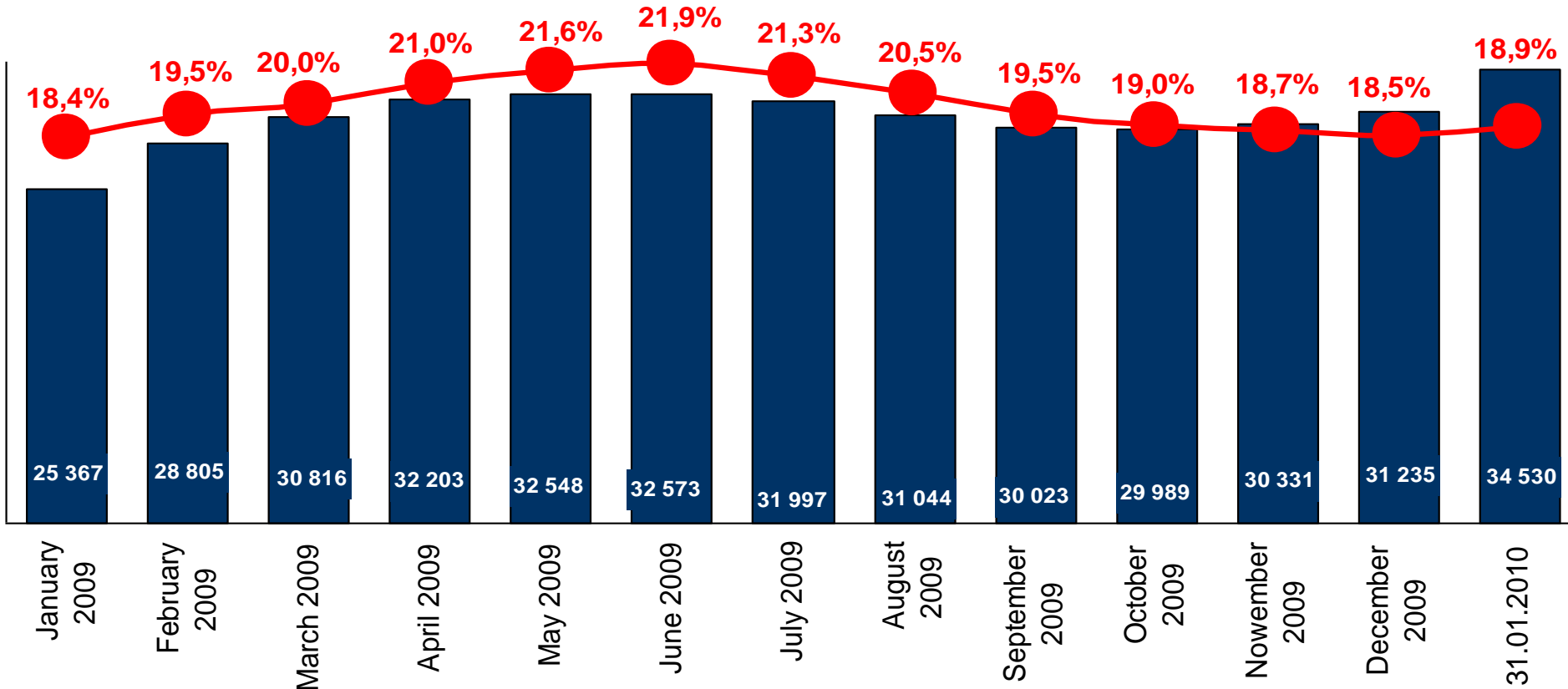


# Structure of unemployed persons by work seniority

31 December 2009



**There were 34,530 persons possessing benefit rights, which comprised 18,9% of the total number of the registered unemployed (in the previous month it was 31,235 persons). Among this group of the unemployed 48,0% constituted females.**



■ unemployed persons receiving benefit      ● in % of total unemployed persons

**Entitlement to this allowance is granted to the unemployed if, in the 18 months preceding the date of registering at a District Labour Office, they worked for a period of at least 365 days or can provide another qualifying period within this timeframe.**

**The amount of benefit depends on length of service. If an unemployed person's length of service is up to 5 years, he/she is entitled to 80% of the basic benefit, in the case of 20 years of service, 100% of the basic benefit, while in the case of over 20 years of service, 120% of the basic benefit.**

**The basic benefit is 717,00 zł. /179 EURO / for the first 3 months of benefit entitlement and 563 zł for subsequent months of this entitlement.**

**District Labour Offices deduct a total of 32.52% from the unemployment benefit to pay retirement and pension insurance contributions.**

**The period of entitlement to unemployment benefit is as follows:**

**6 months – for an unemployed person who resides in the District area during the period of entitlement to the benefit, if the unemployment rate in this area did not exceed 150% of the average national unemployment rate on 30 June of the calendar year preceding the day on which entitlement to the benefit was obtained;**

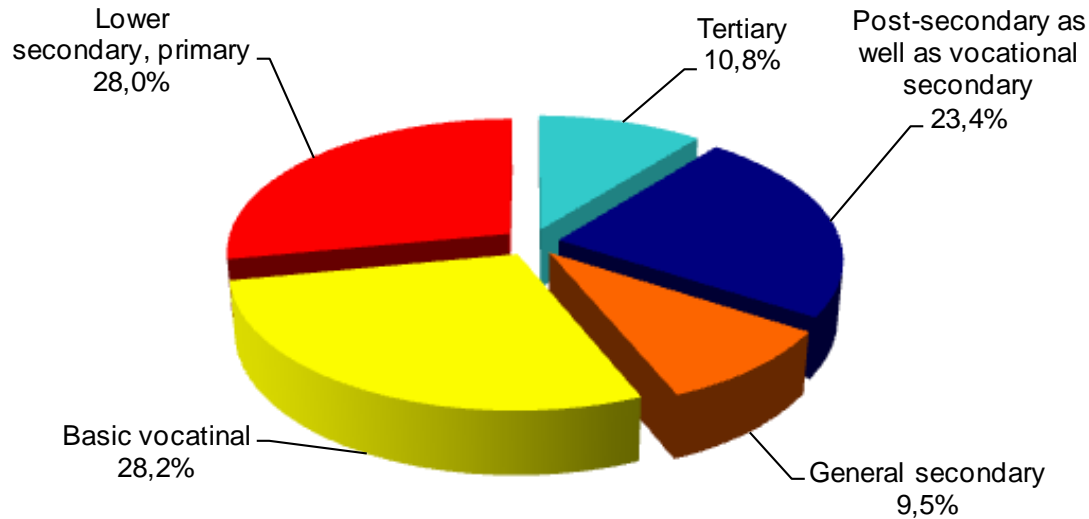
**12 months – for the unemployed:**

- persons residing in the District area during the period of entitlement to the benefit, if the unemployment rate in this area exceeded 150% of the average national unemployment rate or**
- is over 50 years of age and at the same time, the unemployed person has at least a 20-year period entitling him/her to the benefit or**
- an unemployed person supporting at least one child under the age of 15 and his/her spouse is also unemployed and lost entitlement to the benefit due to the end of the period of entitlement to this benefit, after the date, on which the unemployed person obtained entitlement to the benefit.**



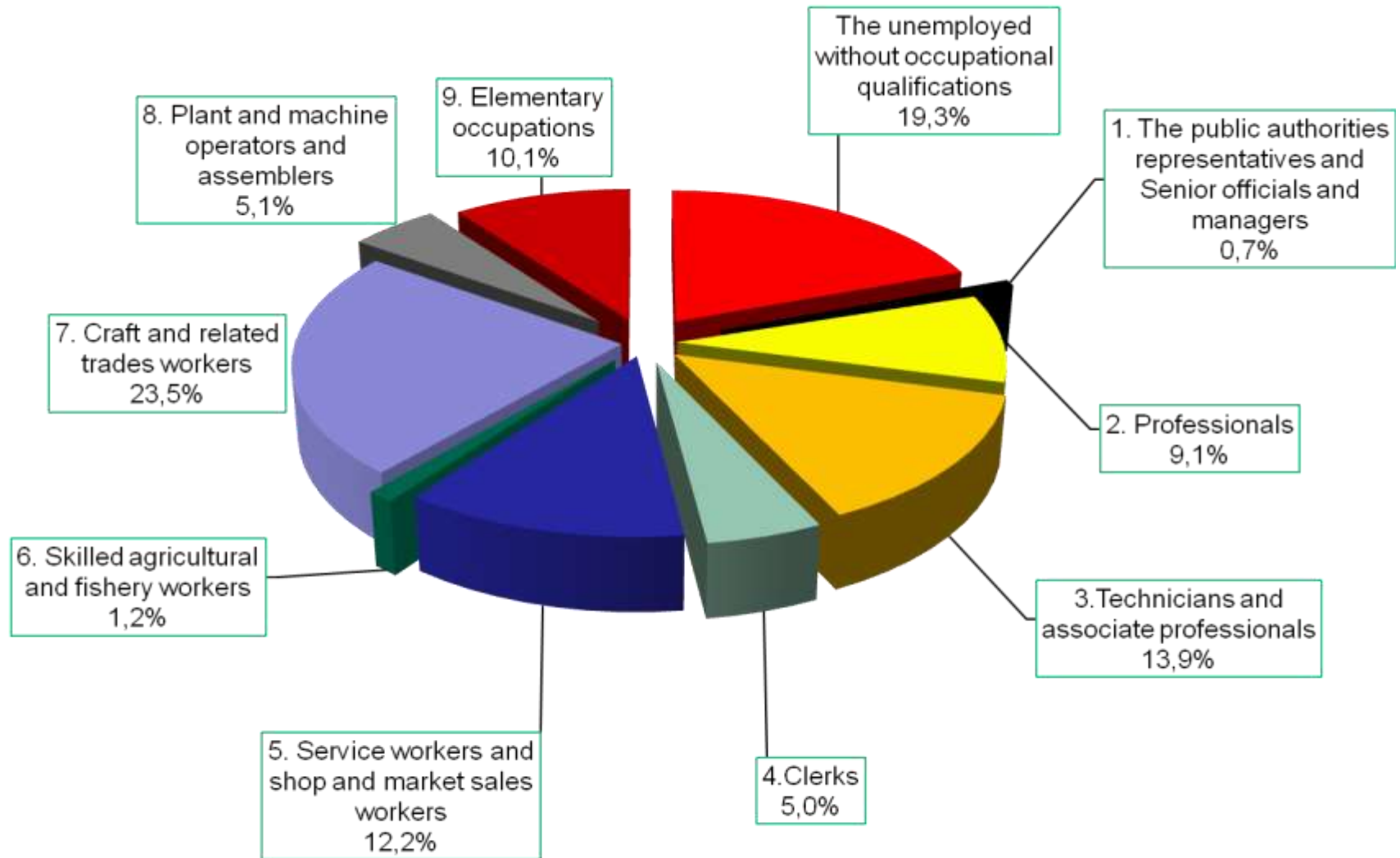
<b>Unemployed persons with a specific situation on labour market</b>	<b>31 January 2010</b>	
	<b>People</b>	<b>(%)</b>
<b>Aged 25 and below</b>	<b>38 523</b>	<b>21,1%</b>
<b>Long-term unemployed</b>	<b>61 404</b>	<b>33,6%</b>
<b>Aged more than 50 years</b>	<b>40 025</b>	<b>21,9%</b>
<b>Without occupational qualifications</b>	<b>47 702</b>	<b>26,1%</b>
<b>Women, who after the birth of child did not undertake employment</b>	<b>15 926</b>	<b>8,7%</b>
<b>Without professional experience</b>	<b>48 603</b>	<b>26,6%</b>
<b>Without secondary education</b>	<b>103 440</b>	<b>56,6%</b>
<b>Bringing up single-handed at least one child aged 18 and below</b>	<b>14 742</b>	<b>8,1%</b>
<b>Persons, who after undergoing imprisonment penalty did not undertake employment</b>	<b>3 607</b>	<b>2,0%</b>
<b>Disabled</b>	<b>10 771</b>	<b>5,9%</b>
<b>UNEMPLOYED PERSONS REGISTERED IN LABOUR OFFICES – total</b>	<b>182 782</b>	

**Registered unemployed persons  
by educational level 31 December 2009**

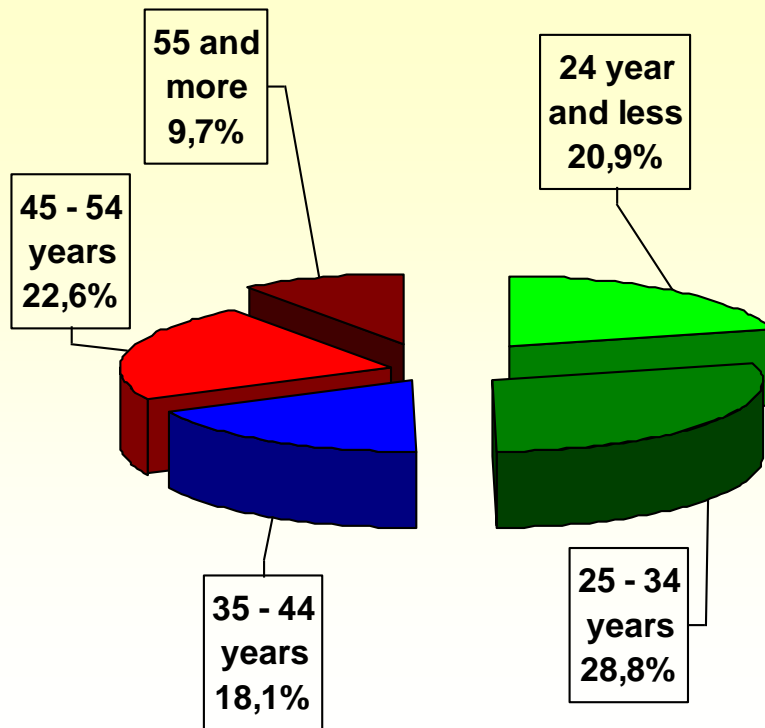


<b>Tertiary</b>	<b>18 126</b>
<b>Post-secondary as well as vocational secondary</b>	<b>39 418</b>
<b>General secondary</b>	<b>16 078</b>
<b>Basic vocational</b>	<b>47 578</b>
<b>Lower secondary, primary</b>	<b>47 225</b>

# Unemployed by big vocational groups in Śląskie voivodship in the first of 2009



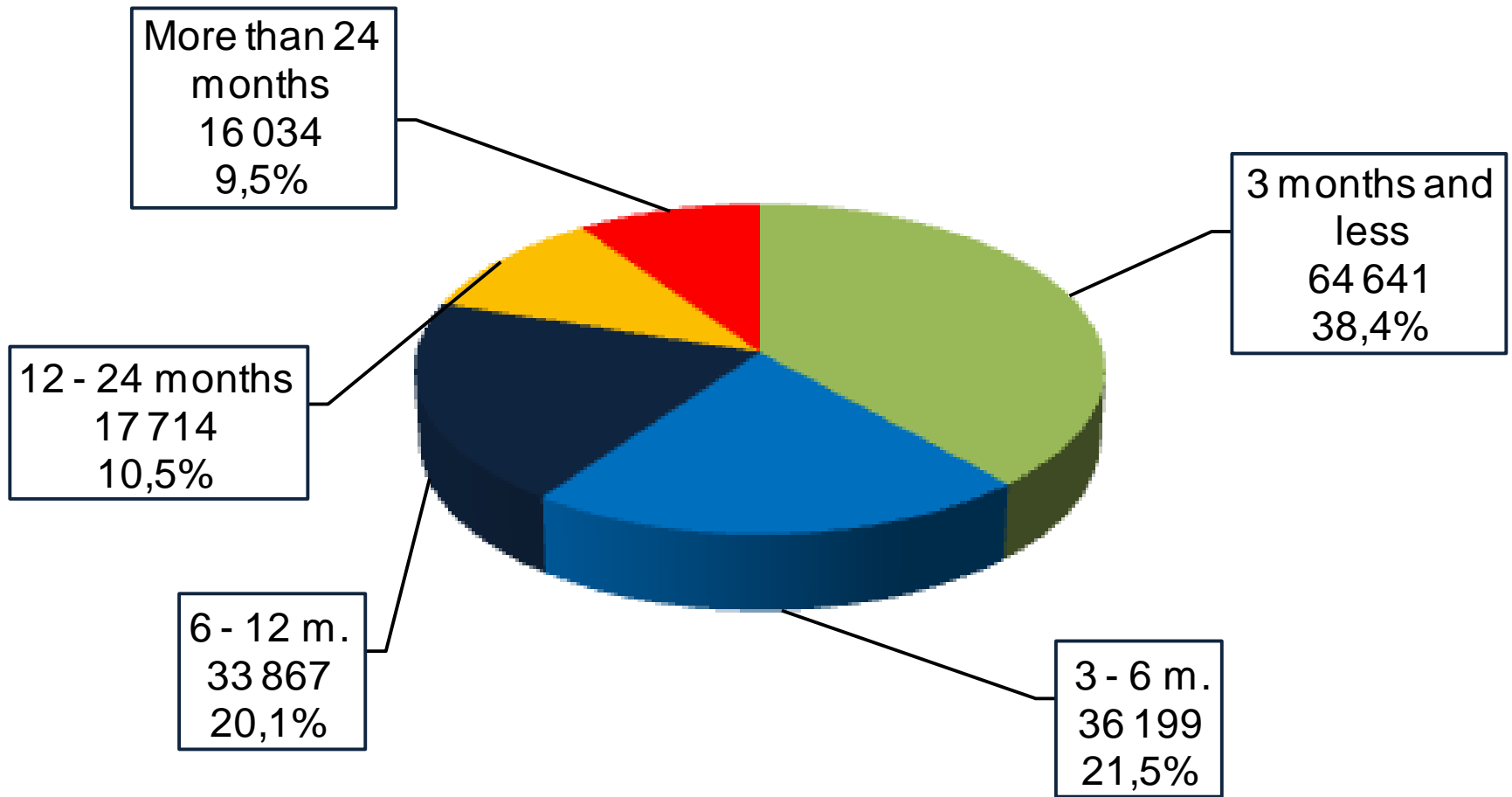
## Registered unemployed persons by age - 31 December 2009



<b>24 year and less</b>	35 195
<b>25 - 34</b>	48 425
<b>35 - 44</b>	30 480
<b>45 - 54</b>	37 990
<b>55 and more</b>	16 335

# Śląskie Voivodship

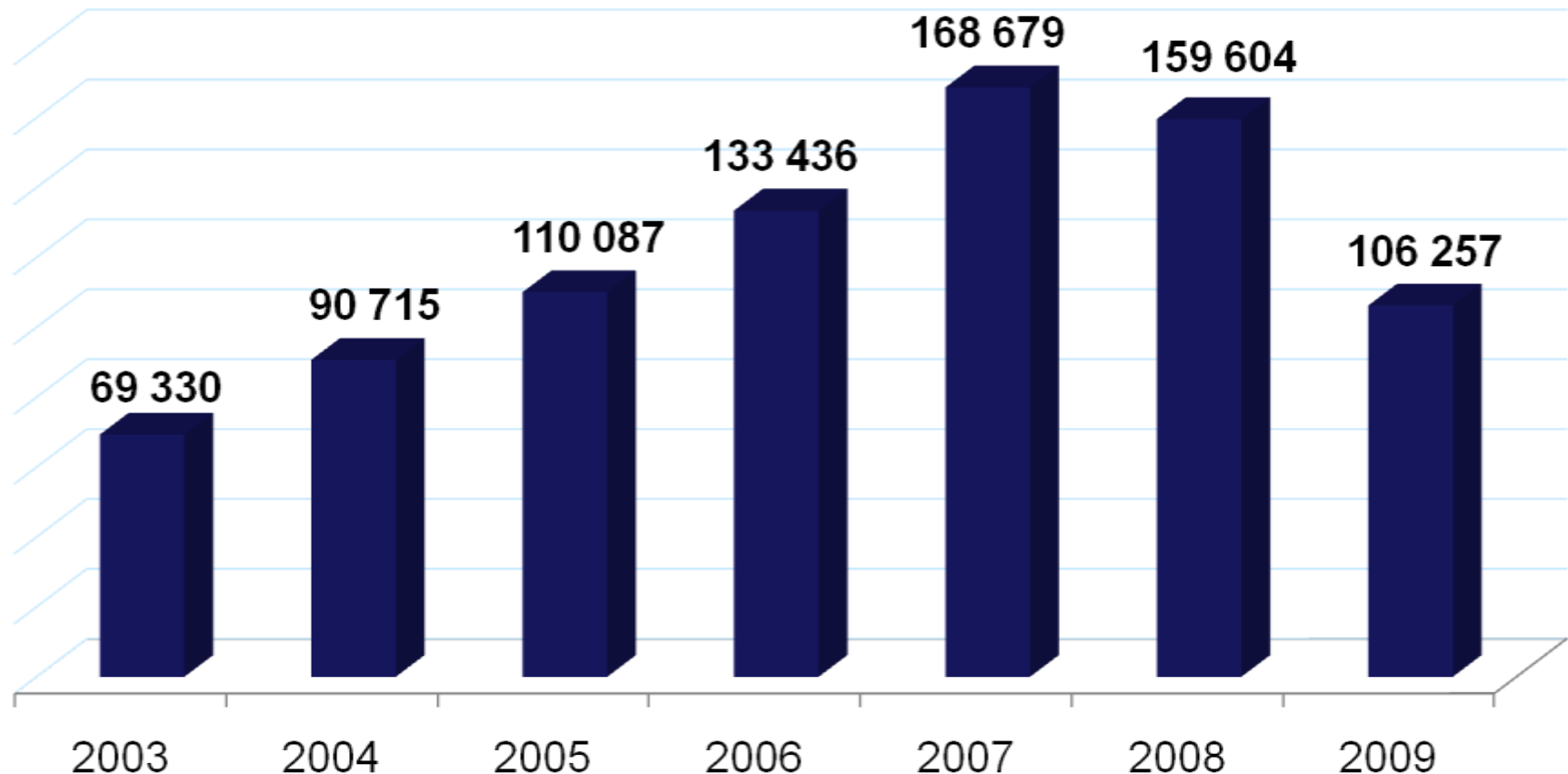
## Registered unemployed persons by duration of unemployment in the December 2009



## **Job offers**

— comprise job vacancies reported by employers and positions for occupational on a job training and accepted for fulfillment work positions within the framework of interventional works, public works and traineeships, as well as within the framework of order-agreements and work agreements.

**In 2009 the District Labour Offices in Silesia received almost 106,257 job offers.**



## Where are the available jobs?

**Most job offers were for the following professions: shop assistants and demonstrators, office service employees, property caretakers, auxiliary workers r cleaners and helps, unskilled industry workers, welders and similar, locksmiths and similar, bricklayers and similar, warehouse employees and similar, security service employees, sales agents (traders), administrative workers, secretaries and related professions, lorry drivers, waiters and related professions.**

**When it comes to higher education level the most sought professions included: economics and management specialists, education specialists and form teachers, nurses, human resources management specialists, engineers and related professions, nursery school teachers and programmers.**

Source:

<http://ec.europa.eu/eures/main.jsp?catId=2804&lmi=Y&acro=lmi&lang=en&recordLang=en&parentId=&countryId=PL&regionId=PL2&nuts2Code=PL22&nuts3Code=null&mode=shortages&regionName=Slaskie>

<i>Fluctuation of unemployment</i>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>
<b>Persons removed from unemployment rolls TOTAL</b> of total:	<b>306 234</b>	<b>294 198</b>
<b>Received a jobs</b> <i>of which reasons:</i>	<b>104 145</b>	<b>101 806</b>
- <i>interventional works</i>	2 098	1 792
- <i>public works</i>	1 910	2 748
- <i>credits for unemployed</i>	4 698	6 624
<b>Started training</b>	<b>19 940</b>	<b>19 518</b>
<b>Started traineeship</b>	<b>17 717</b>	<b>24 259</b>
<b>Professional education / places of vocational training</b>	<b>7 872</b>	<b>620</b>
<b>Did not confirm readiness to take a job</b>	<b>112 583</b>	<b>110 118</b>
<b>Resignet from status of the unemployed</b>	<b>14 136</b>	<b>10 404</b>
<b>Other reasons</b>	<b>29 841</b>	<b>27 473</b>